

# Training Programme (essential elements) Clinical Practical Year (CPY) at Medical University of Vienna, Austria

CPY-Tertial A

Internal Medicine

Valid from academic year 2020/21

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## 3. Learning objectives (competences)

The following skills must be acquired or deepened in the subject of Internal Medicine during the CPY.

## 3.1 Competences to be achieved (mandatory)

- A) History taking
  - 1. Taking a medical history, including taking history from third person to assess psycho-social, economic and hygiene situation, including risk factors for fall
  - 2. Lifestyle history
  - 3. Family history
  - 4. Medication history, taking into account side effects and interactions with other medications
  - 5. Identifying hazardous behaviour and dangerous lifestyles
- B) Performance of examination techniques
  - 6. Clinical/physical status (including rectal examination)
  - 7. ECG
  - 8. Assessment of patients with medical emergencies or after trauma
  - 9. Assessment of basic and instrumental activities of daily living
  - 10. Clinical diagnosis of death: if not possible in practice, (theoretical) work on this topic
  - 11. Bedside test
  - 12. Attaching a pulse oximeter and interpreting the results
- C) Performance of routine skills and procedures
  - 13. Making out a prescription
  - 14. Venepuncture/drawing blood
  - 15. Positioning a peripheral permanent venous cannula
  - 16. Subcutaneous injection
  - 17. Intravenous injection
  - 18. Urinary catherterization
  - 19. Correct taking of blood cultures
  - 20. Interpretation of antibiogram
- D) Therapeutic measures
  - 21. Prescribing measures in treatment of pain, or palliative or end-of-life care
  - 22. Using and giving instructions to use metered dose inhalers, spacers and nebulizers
  - 23. Determining the indication, dosage and use of oxygen therapy (timing)
  - 24. Indication, dosage and monitoring of oral anti-coagulation
  - 25. Checking drug therapy for drug interactions
  - 26. Identification of drug side effects and their management
- E) Communication with patient/team
  - 27. Providing information to patients and relatives in an ethically correct and professional manner in compliance with legal requirements and ensuring that the patient has understood the information
  - 28. Checking adherence

- 29. Participation in the giving of main information elements necessary to get informed consent
- 30. Breaking bad news to patients and family (simulated situation)
- 31. Summarizing the main points of diagnoses, active problems and management plans of a patient
- 32. Clarifying with nursing staff monitoring measures and calling criteria concerning patients
- 33. Giving teaching presentations and passing on specialist information, procedures and skills to students and other medical professionals
- 34. Identifying ethically problematic situations
- 35. Communicating and dealing professionally with geriatric patients
- 36. Advising and supporting patients (empowerment)
- 37. Managing patients with contradictory investigation results
- 38. Discussing diagnoses/prognoses with patients
- 39. Participating in meetings with relatives
- 40. Involvement in discharge management
- F) Documentation
  - 41. Writing letters for transfer or discharge of patient
  - 42. Filling in a death certificate and/or preparing an autopsy request (simulated situation)
  - 43. Diagnostic coding
  - 44. Working with local/national and international guidelines and protocols
  - 45. Documentation in patient files/report of distinct parameters
  - 46. Information request in hospital information system

#### 3.2 Optional competences

In addition to the competences that are mandatory to achieve, further competences from the list below or competences from the special disciplines of Internal Medicine (see individual training plan) may also be acquired.

For example:

- 1. Thoracentesis
- 2. Paracentesis
- 3. Positioning a gastric tube
- 4. Schellong Test

## 4. Information on verification of performance, on-going assessments

#### 4.1 The following aspects can be assessed in the Mini-CEX:

- 1. Taking a medical history
- 2. Clinical-physical status
- 3. Examination of a trauma patient
- 4. Taking an ECG and evaluation
- 5. Bedside test
- 6. Planning the diagnostic process
- 7. Planning the therapeutic process
- 8. Clarification of diagnostic and therapeutic measures
- 9. Case presentation based on the medical files

This list can be expanded accordingly.

#### 4.2 The following skills can be assessed in the DOPS

- 1. Administration of a subcutaneous injection
- 2. Urinary catheterization
- 3. Creating and checking a fluid balance
- 4. Assessment of parameters recorded during the monitoring of a patient
- 5. Arterial puncture/blood gas analysis
- 6. Heimlich manoeuvre
- 7. Diagnostic coding

This list can be expanded accordingly.